Submittal Package

Engineering Specification, Installation, Operation and Maintenance Series LF979GD-20 / LF679GD-20

Modulating Float Control Valve with Pressure Sustaining Feature

Sizes: 11/4" to 24"

A WARNING



Read this Manual BEFORE using this equipment.
Failure to read and follow all safety and use information can result in death, serious personal injury, property damage, or damage to the equipment.

Keep this Manual for future reference.

A WARNING

Local building or plumbing codes may require modifications to the information provided. You are required to consult the local building and plumbing codes prior to installation. If the information provided here is not consistent with local building or plumbing codes, the local codes should be followed. This product must be installed by a licensed contractor in accordance with local codes and ordinances.

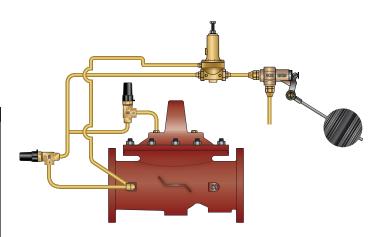
A WARNING

Need for Periodic Inspection/Maintenance: This product must be tested periodically in compliance with local codes, but at least once per year or more as service conditions warrant. All products must be retested once maintenance has been performed. Corrosive water conditions and/or unauthorized adjustments or repair could render the product ineffective for the service intended. Regular checking and cleaning of the product's internal and external components helps assure maximum life and proper product function.

NOTICE

For Australia and New Zealand: Pipeline strainers should be installed between the upstream shutoff valve and the inlet of the backflow preventer.

It's important that this device be tested periodically in compliance with local codes, but at least once per year or more as service conditions warrant. If installed on a fire sprinkler system, all mechanical checks, such as alarm checks and backflow preventers, should be flow tested and inspected internally in accordance with NFPA 13 and NFPA 25.



LF979GD-20

Table of Contents	Page
Engineering Specifications	
ACV Schematic	2
Basic Valves	3
Standard Components	7
Optional Components	11
Installation, Operation and Maintenance	
Installation	15
Valve Servicing Dimensions	15
Setting the Float Control Valve	16
ACV Maintenance Schedule	18
Troubleshooting Guide	19
Valve Disassembly Instructions	20



Engineering Specification

LEAD FREE*

Series LF979GD-20

Modulating Float Control Valve with Pressure Sustaining Feature

Full Port Ductile Iron Single Chamber Valve

Features

- Throttles to maintain constant level in reservoir, tank or pond
- Throttles open when level drops / Throttles closed when level rises
- Throttles to maintain minimum upstream pressure during fill cycle
- Modulating Float Control is Remote Mounted (field installed)
- Adjustable Closing Speed
- Pressure Sustaining setpoint is adjustable

Standard Components

- 1 Main Valve (905GD Single Chamber)
- 2 Modulating Float Control
- 3 Pressure Sustaining Control
- 4 Adjustable Closing Speed
- X Isolation Cocks

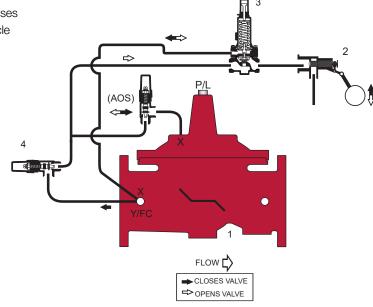
Options and Accessories

- O FC Flo-Clean Strainer
- O Y Y-Strainer (Replaces Flo-Clean)
- O AOS Adjustable Opening Speed
- O P Position Indicator
- O L Limit Switch

Operation

The Modulating Float Control Valve with Pressure Sustaining Feature is designed to automatically maintain a constant liquid level in a tank or reservoir. It is controlled by a remote mounted Modulating Float Pilot designed to: 1) Modulate Open (allowing fluid out of the main valve cover chamber) when reservoir level decreases, and, 2) Modulate Closed (allowing fluid to fill the main valve cover chamber) when reservoir level increases. A decrease in reservoir level causes the valve to modulate towards an open position, allowing reservoir level to increase. An increase in reservoir level causes the valve to modulate towards a closed position, allowing reservoir level to decrease.

The normally closed sustaining pilot remains open when upstream pressure is above the adjustable setpoint, and modulates toward a closed position if upstream pressure falls below the setpoint. As the sustaining pilot closes, fluid is directed into the main valve cover chamber, allowing the valve to modulate toward a closed position, raising upstream pressure. Normal level control operation resumes when upstream pressure is above the sustaining pilot setpoint.



If desired, the float modulating action of the valve can be "reversed" by inverting or "reversing" the action of the Modulating Float Pilot. The Modulating Float Control is remotely mounted from the valve, and field connected with \%" minimum copper tubing in accordance with factory piping schematic.

*The wetted surface of this product contacted by consumable water contains less than 0.25% of lead by weight.

NOTICE

The information contained herein is not intended to replace the full product installation and safety information available or the experience of a trained product installer. You are required to thoroughly read all installation instructions and product safety information before beginning the installation of this product.

M Series Basic Valves

Modulating Float Control Valve with Pressure Sustaining Feature

Full Port Ductile Iron Single Chamber Basic Valve

This Ames Automatic Control Valve (ACV) is a full port, single chamber basic valve that incorporates a one-piece disc and diaphragm assembly. This assembly is the only moving part within the valve allowing it to open, close, or modulate as commanded by the pilot control system.

Ames ACV Main Valves are Lead Free. The Ames ACV piloting system contains Lead Free* components, ensuring all of our configurations are Lead Free compliant.

Globe Pattern Single Chamber Basic Valve (905GD) Angle Pattern Single Chamber Basic Valve (905AD)

Standard Materials

Body and Cover: Ductile Iron ASTM A536

Coating: NSF Listed Fusion Bonded Epoxy

Lined and Coated

316 Stainless Steel Trim:

Elastomers: Buna-N (standard)

EPDM (optional) Viton™ (optional)

Stainless Steel Nut, Spring and Stem:

Anti-Scale (Optional): Xylan Coated Stem and Seat

Viton™ is a trademark of The Chemours Company FC, LLC

Operating Pressure

Threaded = 400psi (27.6 bar) 150# Flanged = 250psi (17.2 bar) 300# Flanged = 400psi (27.6 bar) Grooved End = 400psi (27.6 bar)

Operating Temperature

Buna-N: 160°F (71°C) Maximum EPDM: 300°F (140°C) Maximum Viton™: 250°F (121°C) Maximum

Epoxy Coating**: 225°F (107°C) Maximum

** Valves can be provided without internal epoxy coating consult factory

Basic Valve Body Options



Globe Flanged



Angle Flanged



Globe Grooved End





Globe Threaded



Angle Threaded

Flow Data

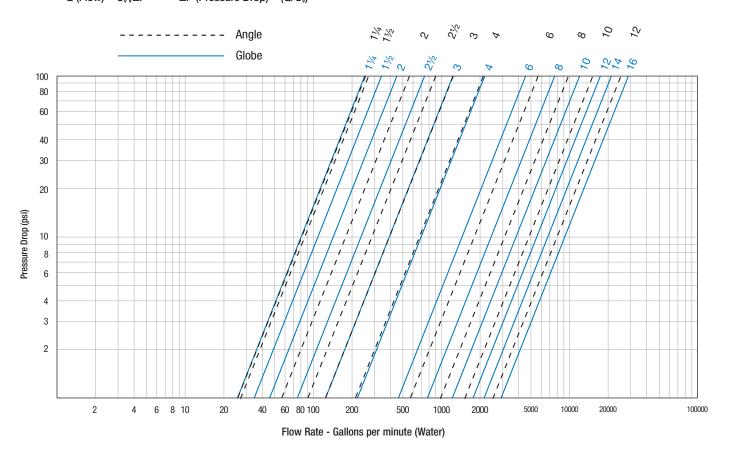
	Valve Size - Inches	11⁄4	1½	2	2½	3	4	6	8	10	12	14	16
ted	Maximum Continuous Flow Rate Gpm (Water)	95	130	210	300	485	800	1850	3100	5000	7000	8500	11100
Suggested	Maximum Intermittent Flow Rate Gpm (Water)	119	161	265	390	590	1000	2300	4000	6250	8900	10800	14100
ร	Minimum Flow Rate Gpm (Water)	3	5	6	9	15	16	17	25	55	70	190	400
>	Cv Factor GPM (Globe)	26	26	48	75	112	188	387	764	1215	1734	2234	3131
ٞؽ	Cv Factor GPM (Angle)	26	27	57	91	125	207	571	889	1530	1945		

- Maximum continuous flow based on velocity of 20 ft. per second.
- Maximum intermittent flow based on velocity of 25 ft. per second.
- Minimum flow rates based on a 20-40 psi pressure drop.
- The C_v Factor of a value is the flow rate in US GPM at 60°F that will cause a 1psi drop in pressure.
- C_v factor can be used in the following equations to determine Flow (Q) and Pressure Drop (ΔP):

Q (Flow) = $C_v \sqrt{\Delta P}$

 ΔP (Pressure Drop) = $(Q/C_v)^2$

- The C_v factors stated are based upon a fully open valve.
- Many factors should be considered in sizing control valves including inlet pressure, outlet pressure and flow rates.
- For sizing questions including cavitation analysis consult Watts with system details.



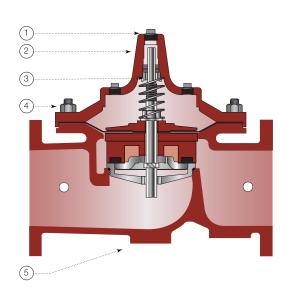
Valve Cover Chamber Capacity

Valve Size - Inches	11/4	1½	2	2½	3	4	6	8	10	12	14	16
fl.oz.	4	4	4	10	16	22	70					
U.S. Gal								11/4	2½	4	6½	9½

Valve Travel

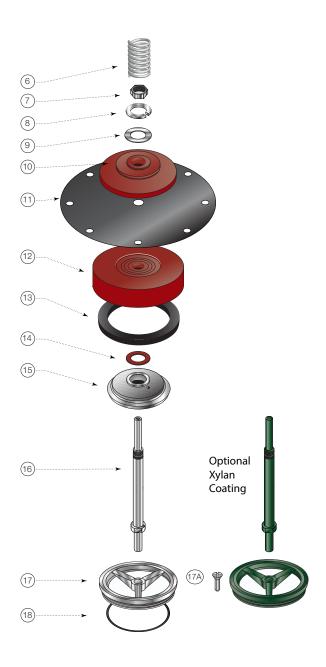
Valve Size - Inches	11/4	1½	2	2½	3	4	6	8	10	12	14	16
Travel - Inches	3/8	3/8	1/2	5/8	3/4	1	1½	2	21/2	3	3½	4

Basic Valve



Description	Material
Pipe Plug	Lead Free Brass
Cover	ASTM A536 65-45-12 Epoxy Coated Ductile Iron
Cover Bearing	ASTM A276 304 Stainless Steel
Stud with Cover Nut and Washer	ASTM A570 Gr.33 Zinc Plated Steel
Body	ASTM A536 65-45-12 Epoxy Coated Ductile Iron
Spring	ASTM A276 302 Stainless Steel
Stem Nut	ASTM A276 304 Stainless Steel
Lock Washer	ASTM A276 304 Stainless Steel
Stem Washer	ASTM A276 304 Stainless Steel
Diaphragm Washer	ASTM A536 65-45-12 Epoxy Coated Ductile Iron
Diaphragm*	Buna-N (Nitrile)
Disc Retainer	ASTM A536 65-45-12 Epoxy Coated Ductile Iron
Seat Disc*	Buna-N (Nitrile)
Spacer Washer* x5	NY300 Fiber*
Disc Guide	ASTM A743 CF8M (316) Stainless Steel
Shaft	ASTM A276 304 Stainless Steel
Seat Ring**	ASTM A743 CF8M (316) Stainless Steel
Seat Screw** (8" and Larger)	ASTM A276 304 Stainless Steel
Seat Gasket*	Buna-N (Nitrile)
	Pipe Plug Cover Cover Bearing Stud with Cover Nut and Washer Body Spring Stem Nut Lock Washer Stem Washer Diaphragm Washer Diaphragm* Disc Retainer Seat Disc* Spacer Washer* x5 Disc Guide Shaft Seat Ring** Seat Screw** (8" and Larger)

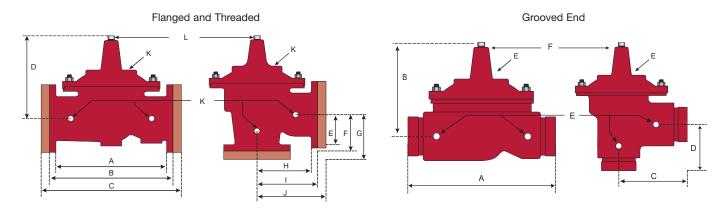
* Contained in Main Valve Repair Kit **Note: 6 inch and Smaller Valves, Seat Ring is threaded



NOTICE

Installation: If unit is installed in any orientation other than horizontal (cover up) OR extreme space constraints exist, consult customer service prior to or at the time of order.

Dimensions



Flanged and Threaded Dimensions

Valve Size	Globe -	Thread	Globe	150#	Globe	300#		er To iter	Angle	Thread	Angle	150#	Angle	300#	Angle '	Thread	Angle	150#	Angle	300#	Port Size NPT	Port Size NPT	Ship Weig	
	I	4	I	3	(;	[)	ı		F	=	(ì	ŀ	ł			,	J	K	L		
in.	in.	mm	in.	mm	in.	mm	in.	mm	in.	mm	in.	mm	in.	mm	in.	mm	in.	mm	in.	mm	in.	in.	lbs.	kgs.
11/4	71/4	184					5½	140													3/8	1/4	20	9
11/2	71/4	184	8½	216			5½	140	31/4	83					1%	48					3/8	1/4	25	11
2	9%	238	9%	238	10	254	6¾	171	4¾	120	4¾	121	5	127	31/4	83	31/4	83	3½	89	3/8	1/2	40	18
21/2	11	279	11	279	11%	295	7½	191	5½	140	5½	140	5%	149	4	102	4	102	45/16	110	1/2	1/2	65	29
3	12½	318	12	305	131/4	337	81/4	210	61/4	159	6	152	6%	162	41/2	114	4	102	4%	111	1/2	1/2	95	43
4			15	381	15%	397	10%	270			7½	191	7%	200			5	127	55/16	135	3/4	3/4	190	86
6			20	508	21	533	13	330			10	254	10½	267			6	152	6½	165	3/4	3/4	320	145
8			25%	645	26%	670	16	406			12¾	324	131/4	337			8	203	8½	216	1	1	650	295
10			29¾	756	311/8	791	17	430			14%	378	15%	395			8%	219	95/16	237	1	1	940	426
12			34	864	35½	902	20%	530			17	432	17¾	451			13¾	349	14½	368	1	11/4	1500	680
14			39	991	40½	1029	241/4	616													1	1½	1675	760
16			41%	1051	43½	1105	251/4	640													1	2	3100	1406

Grooved End Dimensions

Valve Size	Globe Grooved		Cover To Center		Angle Grooved		Angle (Grooved	Port Size (npt)	Port Size (npt)	Shipping	Weights*
	1	4	В		C		D		E	F		
in.	in.	mm	in.	mm	in.	mm	in.	mm	in.	in.	lbs.	kgs.
11/4	8½	216	5½	140	41/4	108	31/4	83	3/8	1/4	25	11
1½	8½	216	5½	140	41/4	108	31/4	83	3/8	1/4	25	11
2	9	229	6½	165	4¾	121	31/4	83	3/8	1/2	40	18
21/2	11	279	7½	191	5½	140	4	102	1/2	1/2	65	29
3	12½	318	81/4	210	6	152	41/4	108	1/2	1/2	95	43
4	15	381	10%	270	7½	191	5	127	3/4	3/4	190	86
6	20	508	13%	340					3/4	3/4	320	145
8	25%	645	16	406					1	1	650	295

ACV Standard Components - Series LF979GD-20

Model F10-11

Modulating Float Pilot

Size: 3/8" MIP

The Model F10-13 Modulating Float Pilot is designed to maintain a constant water level in a water storage tank. The Float Pilot opens and closes as water level rises and falls in the storage tank. As water level rises the Float Pilot closes which will direct pressure into the main valve cover chamber closing the main valve. As water level falls the Float Pilot opens allowing flow out of the main valve cover chamber opening the valve.



Model F10-11 Flow Capacity

PART ID	PIPE	SIZE	WEIGHT	FREE DISCHARG	E FLOW CAPACITY		
	Inlet Outlet		LBS.	35 PSI	85 PSI		
2990-03	3/8" MIP	3/8" MIP	0.44	9 GPM	13 GPM		

Specifications

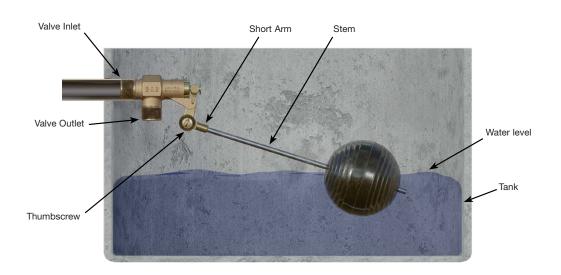
Body Material: Lead Free Brass

Stainless Steel (optional)

Connector Type:

Max Pressure: 100 pounds per square inch

*The wetted surface of this product contacted by consumable water contains less than 0.25% of lead by weight.



Model LFPV20C

Pressure Relief, Sustaining or Backpressure Pilot

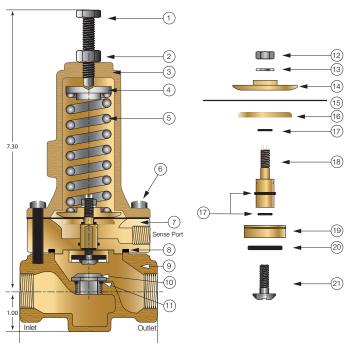
Size: ½" NPT

The Model LFPV20C is a remote sensed direct acting, diaphragm actuated Pilot that is used on various configurations of Automatic Control Valves.

It is normally held closed by the force of the adjustable spring setting above the diaphragm. It modulates toward an open position when control pressure, exerting force below the diaphragm, exceeds the spring setpoint, and modulates toward a closed position when the control pressure falls below the spring setpoint. The LFPV20C senses control pressure through a tapped port below the diaphragm. The large diaphragm-to-seat ratio allows it to open and close within tight pressure tolerances, accurately positioning the Main Valve.

Turning the adjustment screw clockwise raises the control setpoint. Turning the adjustment screw counterclockwise lowers the control setpoint.

The LFPV20C is equipped with one $\frac{1}{2}$ " NPT inlet and outlet port and a $\frac{1}{4}$ " NPT side sensing port located on the power chamber. The $\frac{1}{4}$ " side sensing port is used to monitor upstream or downstream pressure as required by specific valve function.





Model LFPV20C

Specifications

Body Material: Lead Free Copper Silicon Alloy

Seat: 316 Stainless Steel
Elastomers: Buna-N (standard)

Viton™ (optional) EPDM (optional)

Inlet Pressure Rating: 400psi (27.6 bar) maximum

Adjustment Rating: 20-200psi (1.4 - 13.8 bar) (standard)

0-30psi (0 - 2.1 bar) (optional) 100-300psi (6.9 - 20.7 bar) (optional) 200-450psi (13.8 - 31.0 bar) (optional)

Viton™ is a trademark of The Chemours Company FC, LLC

*The wetted surface of this product contacted by consumable water contains less than 0.25% of lead by weight.

Item	Description
1	Adjusting Screw
2	Jam Nut
3	Spring Housing
4	Spring Guide
5	Spring
6	Cap Screw
7	Power Chamber
8	0-Ring*
9	Body
10	Seat
11	0-Ring*

Item	Description
12	Nut
13	Lockwasher
14	Diaphragm Washer
15	Diaphragm*
16	Diaphragm Washer
17	0-Ring*
18	Stem
19	Retainer
20	Rubber Disc*
21	Screw

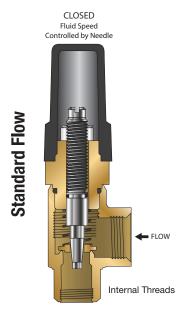
*Included in Repair Kit

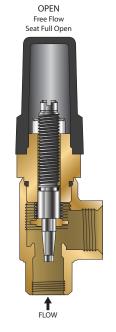
Model LFFC

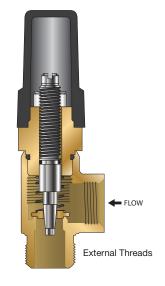
Flow Control

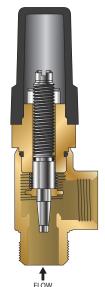
Size: Standard Flow - ½" MNPTx ¾" FNPT High Flow - ½" MxF NPT

A Flow Control is an adjustable device used for tuning valve performance. It can be installed to either control the opening or closing the speed of the automatic control main valve. When the flow is in the direction of the needle the flow control is an adjustable restriction. In the free flow direction the seat moves out of the flow path to all unrestricted flow.











Large Flow Control

Standard Flow Control

Specifications

Size: Standard Flow - ½" MNPT x 3%" FNPT

High Flow - 1/2" MxF NPT

Body Material: Lead Free Brass

Stainless Steel (optional)

Seat: Lead Free Brass

Needle: Stainless Steel (304)

Elastomers: Buna-N (standard)

^{*}The wetted surface of this product contacted by consumable water contains less than 0.25% of lead by weight.

ACV Standard Components - Series LF979GD-20

LEAD FREE*

Model BV

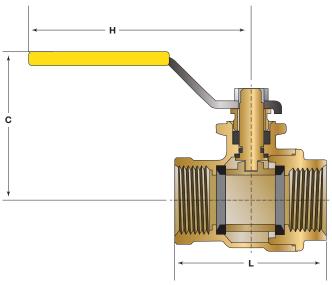
Ball Valve

Size: 1/4" - 1" NPT

Model BV Ball Valves are used in pilot lines to provide a positive shutoff in any override or maintenance situation for simple trouble shooting. This 2-piece, full port valve features: bottom loaded stems, PTFE seats and packing.



Lead Free Ball Valve



Size			Dimens	ions			Weight		
	C		I	Н		_			
in.	in.	mm	in.	mm	in.	mm	lbs.	kg.	
1/4	1 13/16	46	37/16	87	1¾	45	0.4	0.2	
3/8	1 13/16	46	37/16	87	1¾	45	0.4	0.2	
1/2	1 13/16	46	37/16	87	1 15/16	50	0.4	0.2	
3/4	21/4	57	4	101	25/16	59	0.8	0.3	

Specifications

Standard Material: Copper Silicon Alloy Body and Adaptor

Chrome Plated Ball

Optional Material: Stainless Steel Housing, Body and Adaptor

Stainless Steel Ball

Pressure Rating: 600psi (41 bar) Non Shock

Temp Rating: -40°F - 400°F

*The wetted surface of this product contacted by consumable water contains less than 0.25% of lead by weight.

Model LF60

Flo-Clean Strainer

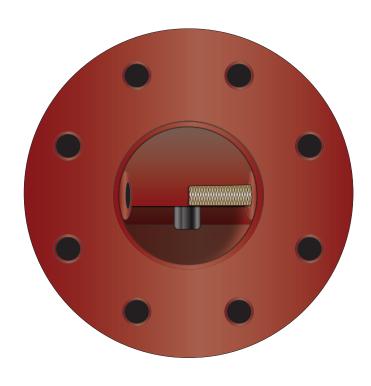
Size: 1/4" - 3/4" NPT

Model LF60 Flo-Clean Strainers are used to filter the fluid passing through the pilot circuit, and provide protection to pilot circuit speed controls and pilots. It is installed in the inlet body port of the Main Valve, exposing the strainer element to main line flow. The currents and flow across the screen create a self-scouring effect, cleaning the filter element.



Model LF60

Valve inlet with Filter installed



Specifications

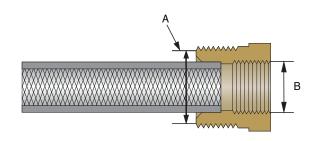
Body Material: Lead Free Brass (standard)

Stainless Steel (optional)

Pressure Rating: 400psi (27.6 bar)

Filter Element: Monel

Screen Mesh: 40 Mesh (standard)



Α	В
Male Pipe Thread	Female Pipe Thread
in.	in.
1/4	1/8
3/8	1/4
1/2	3/8

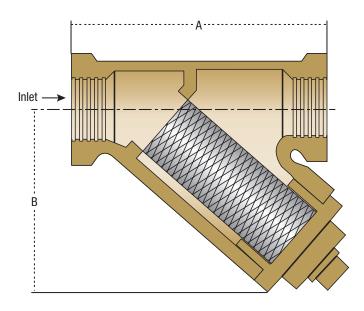
^{*}The wetted surface of this product contacted by consumable water contains less than 0.25% of lead by weight.

Model LF60-1

Y-Pattern Strainer

Size: 1/4" - 3/4" NPT

Model LF60-1 Y-Pattern Strainers are used to filter the fluid passing through the pilot circuit, and provide protection to pilot circuit speed controls and pilots. The filter element can be accessed for cleaning by removing the clean-out cap, or may be cleaned by installing an optional "blow-down" ball valve.





Model LF60-1

Specifications

Body Material: Lead Free Copper Silicon Alloy

CF8M (316) Stainless Steel (optional)

Retainer Cap: Lead Free Copper Silicon Alloy

Cap Gasket: EPDM

Pressure Rating: 400psi (27.6 bar)

Filter Element: 304 Stainless Steel

Mesh Options: 60 Mesh (standard)

100 Mesh (optional)

*The wetted surface of this product contacted by consumable water contains less than 0.25% of lead by weight.

Dimensions

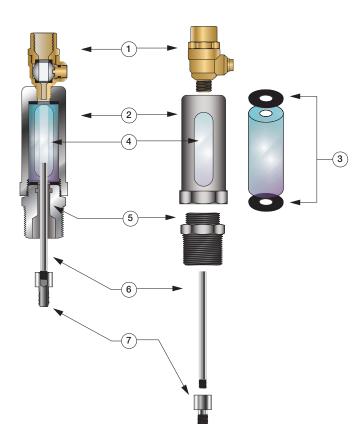
SIZE		WEI	WEIGHT			
	A			3		
in.	in	mm	in	mm	lbs.	kgs.
1/4	211/16 68		111/16 43		1.7	0.77
3/8	211/16	68	111/16	111/16 43		0.77
1/2	3	76	2	51	1.7	0.77
3/4	35/16	84	25/16	59	1.7	0.77

Model 50

Position Indicator

When specified as an option on a Control Valve, the Model 50 Position Indicator is installed in the topmost cover port of the Main Valve and allows for visual indication of valve position. The Model 50 is also very useful during valve start-up and troubleshooting procedures.

A stainless steel indicating rod threads into the tapped portion of the Main Valve stem and moves inside of a cylindrical Pyrex sight tube. The indicating rod travels up and down, following Main Valve stem movement. The housing protects the sight tube and indicating rod, and allows visibility on two sides. The screw driver operated test cock installed on the top of the Model 50 housing provides a controlled method of removal of air from the cover chamber during start-up or troubleshooting of the Main Valve.



Item	Description				
1	Test Cock				
2	Housing				
3	Gasket				
4	Pyrex Sight Tube				
5	Body				
6	Indicating Rod				
7 Stem Adaptor (8" or La					



Model LF50

Specifications

Standard Material: Stainless Steel Housing and Body

Stainless Steel Indicating Rod

Lead Free Test Cock Pyrex Sight Tube

Optional Material: Stainless Steel Test Cock

Pressure Rating: 400psi (27.6 bar)

*The wetted surface of this product contacted by consumable water contains less than 0.25% of lead by weight.

Dimensions

Valve Size (in)	Dimension (in)
11/4 - 11/2	7%
2	4%
2½	4%
3	4%
4	5
6	5
8	5%
10	5%
12	71/4
14	71/4
16	71/4
18*	71/4
20*	71/4
24*	71/4

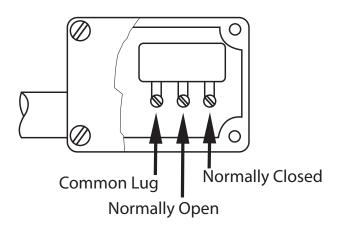
*Reduced Port

Model 51

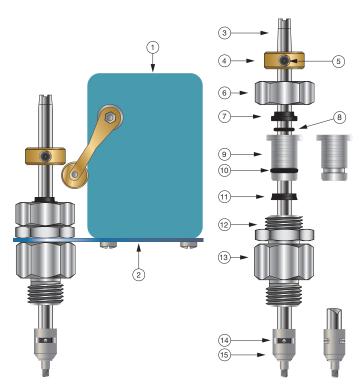
Single Limit Switch

The Model 51 Single Limit Switch provides visual indication of valve position, as well as remote electrical indication of "valve open" or "valve closed". The single pole double throw Micro-Switch can be connected to open or close an electrical circuit when the valve opens or closes.

The adjustable collar is normally set to contact the trip arm when the main valve is closed. The collar can be positioned on the stem by loosening the set-screw to actuate the switch at the desired point of valve travel.



Single Pole Double Throw Switch





Model LF51

Specifications

Body Material: Stainless Steel

Elastomers: Buna-N (standard)

EPDM (optional)
Viton™ (optional)

Enclosure: NEMA 1, 3, 4 and 13 General Purpose (standard)

NEMA 1,7 and 9 Explosion Proof (optional)

Electrical: Form C SPDT Switch

15 amp. 125, 250 or 480 VAC

½ amp. 125 VDC ¼ amp. 250 VDC ½" Conduit Connection

Viton $^{\text{TM}}$ is a trademark of The Chemours Company FC, LLC

*The wetted surface of this product contacted by consumable water contains less than 0.25% of lead by weight.

Parts List

Item	Description				
1	Limit Switch				
2	Bracket				
3	Stem				
4	Trip collar				
5	Set Screw				
6	Сар				
7	Wiper Ring*				
8	0-Ring*				
9	Guide				
10	0-Ring*				
11	Polypak*				
12	Locknut				
13	Body				
14	Pin				
15	Coupling				

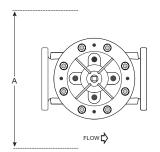
*Included in Repair Kit

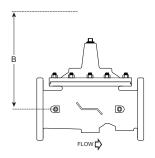
Installation

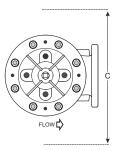
Start-up of an automatic control valve requires that proper procedures be followed. Time must be allowed for the valve to react to adjustments and the system to stabilize. The objective is to bring the valve into service in a controlled manner to protect the system from damaging over-pressure.

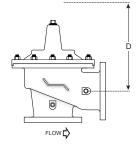
- 1. Prior to installation, flush line to remove debris.
- 2. Install valve so the flow arrow matches flow through the line, and gauges to monitor valve inlet and outlet pressures. A Position Indicator can be installed to provide visual indication of valve position and operation without disassembly.
- 3. Install isolation valves upstream and downstream of the main valve.
- 4. Provide adequate clearance for valve servicing and maintenance. Refer to valve servicing dimensions on next page. Avoid installing valves 6" and larger in the vertical position (main valve stem horizontal). Automatic Control Valves (ACVs) are designed for horizontal in-line installation, with the cover facing up (main valve stem vertical). Slow operation or premature stem and guide wear may occur if valve is not installed according to factory recommendations. Consult factory for detailed engineering review prior to ordering if valve is to be installed other than horizontally in-line.
- 5. If valve is equipped with a pilot control system, extra precautions should be made during installation to protect the piping circuit from damage. Only remove the pilot control system from the valve if necessary. Tubing and fittings should be kept clean and replaced exactly as removed. Consult appropriate hydraulic schematic to ensure proper re-assembly.
- 6. Install float control onto tank and connect lines to valve per instructions in the **Setting the Float Control Valve** Section on the following page.
- 7. Adjust float arm to the high-level setting the float pilot should be closed.

Valve Servicing Dimensions









The following tables detail the recommended minimum valve servicing dimensions.

Globe

Size (in)	1¼	1½	2	2½	3	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	20	24
A (in)	16	16	20	22	22	24	32	34	38	44	48	52	56	56
B (in)	10	10	12	14	14	16	24	26	28	30	34	40	48	48

Angle

Size (in)	1¼	1½	2	2½	3	4	6	8	10	12	14	16
C (in)	16	16	20	22	22	24	32	34	38	44	48	52
D (in)	10	10	12	14	14	16	24	26	28	30	34	40

Setting the Float Control Valve

STEP 1

Pre-set pilots as noted:

Pressure Sustaining – Turn Sustaining Control adjustment screw OUT, counterclockwise, backing pressure off the spring, to allow it to stay open while adjusting the other controls

Opening and Closing Speed – Turn the adjustment screws on the Closing Speed and Opening Speed Controls, if the main valve is so equipped, OUT, counterclockwise, 1½ to 2½ turns from full closed position.

STEP 2

To ensure proper operation, any trapped air will need to be bled off the valve cover during startup. The ACV includes a bleed valve, use a flat head screwdriver to slowly open the valve (See Figure 1).

STEP 3

Pressure the line, by opening the upstream isolation valve slowly. Air is vented through the air bleed valve. Tighten the fitting when liquid begins to vent (See Figure 1).

STEP 4

Slowly open downstream isolation valve to establish flow through the system.



Figure 1
Position Indicator

Setting the Sustaining Control Pilot

STEP 5

Setting the Sustaining Control requires lowering the upstream pressure to the desired minimum sustained pressure.

STEP 6

Leave the downstream isolation valve fully open and close the upstream isolation valve until the inlet pressure drops to the desired setting.

STEP 7

Adjust the Sustaining Control screw IN, clockwise (See Figure 2A), until the inlet pressure begins to increase, or OUT, counterclockwise (See Figure 2B) to decrease, stopping at the desired pressure.

STEP 8

Allow pressure to stabilize.

STEP 9

Fine-tune the sustaining setting as required as detailed in STEP 7.

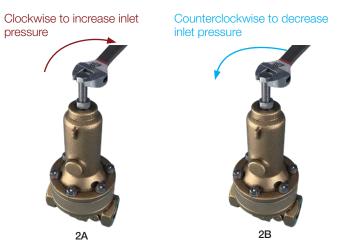


Figure 2
PV20C — Pressure Sustaining Control

STEP 10

Open Opening Speed Flow Control Adjustment: The Opening Speed Flow Control allows free flow into the cover and restricted flow out of the cover of the main valve.

If valve opening is too slow, turn the adjustment screw OUT, counterclockwise (See Figure 3B), increasing the rate of opening.

If valve opening is too quick, turn the adjustment screw IN, clockwise (See Figure 3A), decreasing the rate of opening.

STEP 11

Closing Speed Needle Valve Adjustment: The closing speed needle valve regulates fluid pressure into the main valve cover chamber, controlling the valve closing speed. If valve closing is too slow, turn the adjustment screw OUT, counterclockwise, increasing the rate of closing.

STEP 12

Open upstream isolation valve to return to normal operation.

Clockwise to DECREASE rate of opening



Counterclockwise to INCREASE the rate of opening



Figure 3 Flow Control

STEP 13

When installing float, set angle similar to Figure 4 by adjusting F10-11 modulating float pilot linkage screw shown in Figure 5.



Figure 4
Modulating Float Control Pilot in Tank



Figure 5
Modulating Float Control Pilot

Automatic Control Valve Maintenance Schedule

To ensure peak performance and longevity of your automatic control valve, Watts/Ames recommends following the below standard maintenance schedule.

• Monthly Maintenance

- Visual inspection of valve(s) for leaks
- Inspect for proper operation(s); exercise valve.

• Quarterly Maintenance

- Conduct monthly inspection.
- Validate/Re-establish necessary setpoints of controls/pilots.

Annual Maintenance

- Conduct monthly & quarterly inspections.
- Inspect & clean all strainers.
- Inspect valve coating, touch up as required.

• 3-5 Year Maintenance

- Conduct monthly, quarterly, & annual maintenance.
- Inspect & replace valve elastomers (diaphragm, O-rings, valve/pilot seats)
- Re-establish necessary set points of controls/pilots.

Troubleshooting Guide

A WARNING

Warning: The valve cannot be serviced under pressure. Upstream and downstream Isolation Valves must be installed to protect system piping. Accurate diagnosis and trouble-shooting requires the valve to open fully, and may subject downstream piping and equipment to high pressure and/or flow rates. The downstream Isolation Valve should be kept closed while diagnosing the valve.

Extreme caution should be used while performing the troubleshooting techniques listed below.

Recommended tools for diagnosis: (3) PRESSURE GAUGES, installed to monitor the inlet pressure, outlet pressure, and cover chamber pressure. If included, a POSITION INDICATOR should be installed to visually assess the position of the disc & diaphragm assembly.

Test 1: Diaphragm Seal Test

- Close upstream & downstream isolation valves. Close pilot isolation valves or remove pilot control tubing to isolate valve cover from incoming fluid & pressure. Remove uppermost cover plug, test cock, or limit switch.
- 2. With the valve cover chamber vented to atmosphere, partially open the upstream isolation valve, allowing incoming pressure to lift the disc & diaphragm assembly. A volume of water will be displaced from the cover chamber as the valve opens; consult valve specification sheets for approximate cover capacity. A continuous flow of water from the open port indicates a damaged diaphragm or loose disc & diaphragm assembly. Disassemble valve and replace diaphragm or tighten disc & diaphragm assembly.

Test 2: Seat Seal Test

- 1. Close downstream isolation valve and install pressure gauges on an open inlet and outlet port of main valve.
- Open upstream isolation valve to allow pressure on to the valve cover. Allow valve to fully close.
- 3. Monitor downstream pressure gauge; reading should hold steady below incoming pressure. If pressure on downstream side rises to match upstream pressure, leakage is occurring through the seat of the main valve. Disassemble valve, inspect and repair/replace any required parts.
 - a. If gauge pressure rises to match outlet pressure (downstream of closed isolation valve) yet remains below inlet pressure, the isolation valve may be leaking as opposed to main valve seat.

Test 3: Freedom of Movement/Valve Travel Test

- Close upstream and downstream isolation valves. Install valve position indicator.
- Partially open upstream isolation valve and allow cover to fill with fluid & pressure, closing the valve fully. Mark the position indicator's full closed position.
- 3. Isolate cover chamber from receiving fluid and pressure by closing isolation valves or removing control tubing.
- 4. Carefully vent cover chamber to atmosphere by opening test cock or removing a cover plug. Observe the valve position indicator as the valve travels to the full-open position. The disc & diaphragm assembly should move freely from fully closed to fully open position without binding or "grabbing" at any point during its movement.
 - a. The disc & diaphragm assembly may momentarily "hesitate" while travelling from fully closed to fully open position

 this is a normal characteristic of diaphragm operated control valves, and does not indicate mechanical binding or improper valve operation.
 - A continuous discharge of water from the cover chamber after venting to atmosphere indicates leakage past the diaphragm.
- If necessary, disassemble valve and inspect/repair disc & diaphragm assembly.

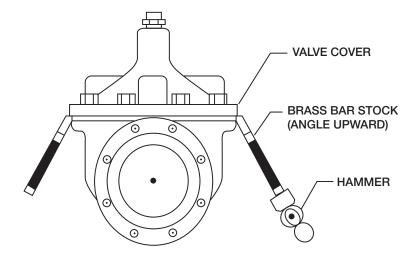
Troubleshooting Guide

Issue	Possible Cause	Corrective Action	Notes
Main Valve will not open	Closed isolation valves in pilot system.	Check isolation valves, ensure open.	
	Insufficient supply pressure.	Check upstream pressure.	Depending on water source, supply pressure may not be controlled by valve operator.
	Main valve stem assembly corroded/ damaged	Inspect stem assembly, clean/ replace if necessary.	
	Blockage in pilot system.	Inspect & clean any installed pilot system strainers, check orifice/speed controls for blockages.	
	Improperly configured opening speed control.	Adjust opening speed control to verify functionality, adjust as required.	Standard setting for opening speed control is 1½ - 2½ turns open from full closed position. Can be adjusted in field.
Main Valve will not close	Closed isolation valves in pilot system	Check isolation valves, ensure open.	
	Diaphragm is damaged	Conduct diaphragm seal test, repair and replace if necessary.	
	Main valve stem assembly corroded/damaged.	Inspect stem assembly, clean/ replace if necessary.	
	Blockage in main valve.	Perform freedom of movement test; if valve does not close, disassemble and remove blockage.	
	Worn/damaged valve seat.	Perform seat sealing check; disassemble and inspect/repair seat if required.	
	Improperly configured closing speed control.	Adjust closing speed control to verify functionality, adjust as required.	Standard setting for closing speed control is 1½ - 2½ turns open from full closed position. Can be adjusted in field.

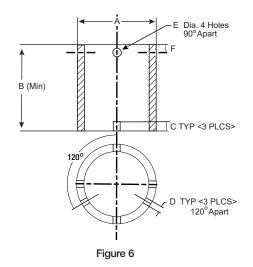
Valve Disassembly Instructions

Before undertaking valve disassembly, it is recommended to gather the following tools to aid you during the process:

- Small & large adjustable wrenches
- Screwdriver set
- Machinist fine metal file
- Fine wire brush
- Bench vise
- Basic valve IO&M manual
- Hammer & dull cold chisel
- Heavy-duty ratchet & socket set
- · Hexagonal wrench set
- 320 grit/fine Emery cloth
- Appropriate technical bulletins for valve start-up procedures.



- 1. Isolate the valve from line pressure and depressurize it to ensure safe working conditions. Disconnect any electrical connections if so equipped.
- 2. Carefully remove Position Indicator or Limit Switches if equipped. Remove all tubing, fittings, and Control Pilots necessary to easily access and remove the cover. Remove cover nuts and washers.
- 3. Remove the cover. If cover is not free to be removed, loosen it by tapping upward along its outside edge with a dull cold chisel, pictured above.
 - a. Large valves may require the installation of lifting "eye" bolts in order to facilitate cover removal; installation ports are provided on the cover for this purpose.
- 4. Remove the Disc and Diaphragm Assembly from the valve body by lifting straight up.
 - a. Large diameter valves may require a lifting "eye" bolt to be installed in the valve stem accessory threads located on the very top of the valve stem.
- 5. Before removing Stem Nut, examine stem threads for mineral build-up. Remove deposits with a fine wire brush. Extreme care should be taken not to damage the finish on stem guiding surfaces when disassembling. Avoid applying pipe wrenches to top or bottom stem guide surfaces.
- 6. After removing the Stem Nut, the remainder of the Disc & Diaphragm Assembly should disassemble easily. Polish stem guide surfaces with fine emery cloth to remove any mineral deposits and inspect for excessive wear. Remove any mineral build-up from other components with wire brush or by using a Mineral Dissolving Solution. Inspect parts for wear and replace if necessary.
- 7. Inspect valve seat. If seat is not damaged, removal is not necessary. Valve seats 6" and smaller are threaded into the body of the valve and require a seat removal tool (Figure 6) (Table 1 details the tool dimensions for seat removal). Valve seats 8" and larger are held in the valve body with stainless steel cap screws. Remove seat retaining screws and lift seat straight up (Figure 7).



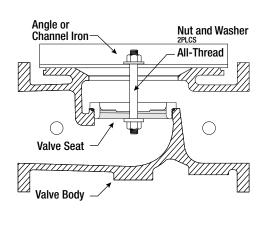


Table 1: Seat Removal Tool Dimension

Size	Α	В	C	D	E (Dia.)	F
in	Pipe Size (in)	Min. Length (in)	in	in	in	in
11⁄4	1	3.12	0.38	0.25	0.44	0.55
1½	1	3.12	0.38	0.25	0.44	0.50
2	11⁄4	3.38	0.38	0.25	0.44	0.50
2½	2	4.0	0.38	0.38	0.56	0.62
3	2½	4.5	0.50	0.38	0.56	0.62
4	3	5.0	0.50	0.44	0.56	0.62
6	5	6.50	0.62	0.44	0.56	0.62

^{*}Schedule 40 steel pipe

Table 2: Full Port Valve (905GD/905AD) Repair Kits

Size (in)	11⁄4	1½	2	21/2	3	4	6	8	10	12	14	16
P/N	0677-01	0677-01	0677-02	0677-03	0677-04	0677-05	0677-06	0677-07	0677-08	0677-09	0677-10	0677-11

Table 3: Reduced Port Valve (605GD/605AD) Repair Kits

Size (in)	3	4	6	8	10	12	16	20 & 24
P/N	0677-02	0677-04	0677-05	0677-06	0677-07	0677-08	0677-09	0677-11

- 9. Re-Install Disc and Diaphragm Assembly in the valve, taking care not to damage the lower guide area in the center of the valve seat.
- 10. Re-install Cover Spring. Replace Valve Cover and tighten Cover Nuts in a crossing pattern to ensure even distribution. Test the Disc and Diaphragm Assembly for smooth travel by following the Freedom of Movement Test procedure in previous section.
- 11. Test the integrity of the Seat Seal by following the Seat Seal Test procedure in previous section.
- 12. Return valve to service by following instructions in the Setting the Float Control Valve section matching the valve function.

^{8.} Replace Seat Disc, Diaphragm and Spacer Washers provided in Main Valve repair kit (refer to Table 2 or 3 for correct repair kit part number). Re-assemble in the reverse order of disassembly.

Limited Warranty: Ames Fire & Waterworks (the "Company") warrants each product to be free from defects in material and workmanship under normal usage for a period of one year from the date of original shipment. In the event of such defects within the warranty period, the Company will, at its option, replace or recondition the product without charge.

THE WARRANTY SET FORTH HEREIN IS GIVEN EXPRESSLY AND IS THE ONLY WARRANTY GIVEN BY THE COMPANY WITH RESPECT TO THE PRODUCT. THE COMPANY MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED. THE COMPANY HEREBY SPECIFICALLY DISCLAIMS ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

The remedy described in the first paragraph of this warranty shall constitute the sole and exclusive remedy for breach of warranty, and the Company shall not be responsible for any incidental, special or consequential damages, including without limitation, lost profits or the cost of repairing or replacing other property which is damaged if this product does not work properly, other costs resulting from labor charges, delays, vandalism, negligence, fouling caused by foreign material, damage from adverse water conditions, chemical, or any other circumstances over which the Company has no control. This warranty shall be invalidated by any abuse, misuse, misapplication, improper installation or improper maintenance or alteration of the product.

Some States do not allow limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts, and some States do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages. Therefore the above limitations may not apply to you. This Limited Warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may have other rights that vary from State to State. You should consult applicable state laws to determine your rights. SO FAR AS IS CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE STATE LAW, ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES THAT MAY NOT BE DISCLAIMED, INCLUDING THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, ARE LIMITED IN DURATION TO ONE YEAR FROM THE DATE OF ORIGINAL SHIPMENT.



A WATTS Brand

USA: Backflow T: (978) 689-6066 • F: (978) 975-8350 • AmesFireWater.com

USA: Control Valves T: (713) 943-0688 • F: (713) 944-9445 • AmesFireWater.com

Canada: T: (888) 208-8927 • F: (905) 481-2316 • AmesFireWater.ca

Latin America: T: (52) 55-4122-0138 • AmesFireWater.com

ES-A-ACV-LF979GD-20 2115 © 2021 Watts